Now! 1 Scope and sequence

Course GSE CEFR

Level 1 19-29 pre A1/A1

Firstwords

English Benchmark Level 1

Starters

Cambridge exams



Unit	Unit	Language objectives		Skill strategies				
	title	vocabulary	structures	Listening	Reading	Speaking	Writing	
1	What do we find in schools?	Key vocabulary 1: pen, glue stick, whiteboard, desk, markers, pencil sharpener, ruler, tablet Key vocabulary 2: speak, draw, write, read, library, playground, computer lab, cafeteria CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): classroom rules, don't, late, tidy up, make new friends, stand up Reading 1 vocabulary: India, floor, China, blackboard, Peru, numbers, Africa, outdoors, letters Reading 2 vocabulary: twins, principal, recess, basketball, comic Passive vocabulary: blackboard, colorful, new, show Revised vocabulary: school, teacher, Miss, backpack, book, chair, crayon, pencil, eraser, classroom, listen, sit down Expressions: please	Grammar 1: What's this? It's a/an, Is this a (tablet)? Yes, it is. No, it isn't., Possessive adjectives: my, your Grammar 2: Imperatives (positive)	N/A	Make predictions about a text from pictures	Look at your friend as you ask and answer	use a /an before single naming words.	
2	Where do we see shapes and colors?	Key vocabulary 1: triangle, circle, square, rectangle, heart, star, diamond, side Key vocabulary 2: purple, pink, orange, brown, gray, bird, fish, butterfly CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): boat, bus stop, bus, count Reading 1 vocabulary: hunt, neighbourhood (BrE) (AmE neighborhood), door, window, roof, garden, jump, trampoline, bike, wheels, ride my bike, playground, slide Reading 2 vocabulary: Chinese, festival, kite, legend, fly a kite, high, wish, come true, beautiful, different, clouds, wait Passive vocabulary: shapes Revised vocabulary: red, blue, yellow, black, white, door, train, big, small Expressions: I don't know! Let's go!	Grammar 1: What color/shape is the (kite)? The (kite) is (blue/a square). What color/shape is it? It's (blue/a square). Grammar 2: Demonstratives: that, this	N/A	Use pictures to understand the meaning of words.	Show you are listening to your friend	Use color and shape words to describe your surroundings.	
3	What happens during the day?	Key vocabulary 1: sunrise, afternoon, evening, sunset, night, lunchtime, dinnertime, noon Key vocabulary 2: play sports, brush my teeth, go to bed, play video games, get up, take a shower, do homework, go to school CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): morning, breakfast, hungry, play, sun, wake up, dinner, read Reading 1 vocabulary: desert, early, active, jackrabbit, grass, bobcat, lizard, run fast, sleep, rattlesnake, day, hot, legs, owl Reading 2 vocabulary: perfect, o'clock, go to the park, watch TV, family, wake up, dream Passive vocabulary: look out for, come out, eat, favourite (BrE) (AmE favorite) Revised vocabulary: hunt	Grammar 1: Present Simple affirmative, negative, questions and answers (first person singular and plural) Grammar 2: Present Simple questions and answers (second person singular), When do you (get up)? (In the morning.), Prepositions of time: in, at (in the morning/at night)	N/A	Make predictions about a text from the title.	How do you use your voice?	Use a period at the end of a sentence.	
4	Why do we have animals?	Key vocabulary 1: goat, sheep, bee, goose, egg, honey, milk, meat Key vocabulary 2: kitten, puppy, calf, lamb, kid, duckling, barn, nest CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): milk, honey, swarm, nectar Reading 1 vocabulary: come from, liters, happy, (long) hair, wool, year, flower, nectar Reading 2 vocabulary: surprise, cute, farmhouse, sad, catch, mice (mouse), pet, sit, stroke, rabbit, lost, pawprints Passive vocabulary: lay (eggs), fly, visit, purr, look for Revised vocabulary: cow, horse, chicken, cat, dog, duck, big, small, farm, baby Expressions: Can you help? Come on!	Grammar 1: Pronouns: these, those, Questions and asnwers with What (What are these? These are/What are those? Those are) Grammar 2: There is/There are, Plural form of irregular nouns	N/A	Make predictions about a text from the titles	Use the words from the lesson.	Use capital letters at the start of sentences and for names.	
5	What makes a family?	Key vocabulary 1: grandparents, uncle, aunt, parents, cousins, daughter, son Key vocabulary 2: live together, talk, laugh, share, help, old, young, quiet, noisy CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): puppet show, puppet, clothes, props, light, shadow, curtain, look, frog, How are you?, Fine, let's go, It's time, Who is he? Reading 1 vocabulary: painting, Spanish, artist, generations Reading 2 vocabulary: sunny, summer, grasshopper, fun, ant, hard, winter, cold, hungry, next, gather, fable Passive vocabulary: people, describe, toys, bedroom, children (child), insects Revised vocabulary: family, grandma, grandpa, mom, dad, twins, sister, brother	Grammar 1: Subject pronouns+ Present Simple of verb be (all persons), affirmative and negative, long and short forms, questions and short answers, Questions with Who (Who is he? He's my brother.) Grammar 2: Present Simple third person singular+spelling rules, affirmative, questions and short answers	N/A	Identify the main topic and key words.	Can you explain if you don't know the word.	Use an s on the end of action words for 3rd person when we talk about the present.	

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6	How are we the same and different?	Key vocabulary 1: finger, toes, knees, round, long, short, dark, blond Key vocabulary 2: dance, smile, bend, kick, snap, step, spin, wave CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): Spanish dance, Chinese fan dance, Korean dance, turn, pick up, fan, move Reading 1 vocabulary: monster, tummy, different, the same, together Reading 2 vocabulary: Colombia, region, musician, drums, trumpet, Ireland, step dancing, violin, flute, Turkey, Sufi whirling, calm, dizzy Passive vocabulary: feet, alien, little, dirty Revised vocabulary: head, hair, face, ear, eye, nose, mouth, body, arm, hand, leg, foot, clap, point, stamp	Grammar 1: have (all persons singular) affirmative, negative, questions and answers Grammar 2: Imperatives: negative and revision of affirmative, Possessive adjectives	N/A	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters.	Who are you speaking to? Do you need to use a different tone?	Use describing words to describe yourself and a friend
7	Why do we do hobbies?	Key vocabulary 1: skip, hop, swim, ride a bike, take pictures, climb, type (v), code Key vocabulary 2: computer, screen, phone, sports, game, hobby, soccer, board game CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): coding, block, turn left, turn right, move forward, start, button, stack Reading 1 vocabulary: outside, inside, spend time Reading 2 vocabulary: tournaments, jump, wiggle, race walking, synchronized swimming, dance routine, athletes, wheelchair basketball, blind soccer, para alpine skiing Passive vocabulary: life, never, start, learn, each other, event, unusual Revised vocabulary: arms, legs, head, feet, ears, eyes, mouth, walk, dance, favorite, tablet Expressions: And you? It's OK.	Grammar 1: can for ability (all persons singular), affirmative, negative, questions and short answers Grammar 2: Object pronouns	N/A	Identify the text type and purpose.	Check your speech is organized.	Use and to connect to things that are the same. Use but to connect two things that are different.
8	What food do we eat?	Key vocabulary 1: pineapple, grapes, pear, lemon, carrot, onion, potato, peas Key vocabulary 2: bread, rice, beans, pasta, lime, cookies, yogurt, soup CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): still life, grapes,think, where, in front of, middle, take a photo Reading 1 vocabulary: peacock, blueberries, feathers, slices, plate, hippo, butterfly, wings Reading 2 vocabulary: fox, stork, beak, bowl, delicious, shallow, kind Passive vocabulary: sandwich, chocolate, sweet Revised vocabulary: apple, banana, cheese, milk, meat, juice, orange, water, egg, fish, chicken, honey Expressions: What's wrong?	Grammar 1: Revision of Present Simple with the verb like (first and second person singular), affirmative, negative, questions and short answers Grammar 2: Revision of Present Simple with the verb like (third person singular), affirmative, negative, questions and short answers	N/A	Identify the main topic of a text.	How accurate can you be when speaking?	Use commas in lists of words.
9	How do we play?	Key vocabulary 1: toy truck, stuffed animal, hula-hoop, scooter, robot, action figure, toy boat, blocks Key vocabulary 2: win, lose, swings, slide, monkey bars, hopscotch, tag, take turns CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): bar chart, numbers, a lot of, lorry, plane, very big, soft Reading 1 vocabulary: share, skip, walk away, take turns, press a button Reading 2 vocabulary: sit in a circle, run around, handkerchief, drop, blindfolded, fast Passive vocabulary: on his own, children, child Revised vocabulary: ball, doll, car, teddy bear, robot, bike	Grammar 1: Whose (ball is this)? and possessive 's (It's Tommy's ball). Grammar 2: Possessive pronouns	N/A	Identify the people in a text.	Show respect and disagree politely.	Use apostrophes after names for possession.
10	What clothes do we wear?	Key vocabulary 1: sweater, blouse, jacket, shorts, boots, sandals, gloves, bathing suit Key vocabulary 2: dry, wet, warm, cool, thick, thin, short, tall CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): helmet, girl, goggles, trainer, judo, swimming, dancing, horse-riding, running, football, good for (sport) Reading 1 vocabulary: wool, silk, cotton, sheep, goat, camel, rabbit, caterpillar, silkworm, coat, hat, dress, shirt, fleece Reading 2 vocabulary: visit, stand, belt, guard, uniform, ice cream van, soldier Passive vocabulary: Cocoons, bolls Revised vocabulary: T-shirt, jeans, pants, skirt, shoes, socks, colors Expressions: Come here. Quick!	Grammar 1: Present Progressive (all persons) affirmative, negative of the verb wear Grammar 2: Present Progressive (all persons) questions and short answers of the verb wear	N/A	Guess the meaning of new words?	Take turns when speaking.	Use apostrophes when writing contractions.
11	Why do we travel?	Key vocabulary 1: helicopter, motorcycle, subway, boat, train, drive, ride, fly, sail Key vocabulary 2: numbers 10–100, safe, dangerous, fast, slow, modern, old-fashioned CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): float, sink, stone, feather, paper Reading 1 vocabulary: beach, net, sailor, train station Reading 2 vocabulary: the baker's, croissant, smell, outback, traffic jam Passive vocabulary: travel (v), hotel, vacation, waves, rescue Revised vocabulary: bike, plane Expressions: Let's go.	Grammar 1: Present Progressive (all persons) affirmative, negative Grammar 2: can for possibility and preposition of instrument (go by car), Questions with How can (How can we go to the beach?) and answers (We can go by bus. We can't go by bike.)	N/A	Describe the setting.	Take turns when speaking	Start questions with a capital letter and put a question mark at the end.

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12	Where do we live?	Key vocabulary 1: bathtub, refrigerator, stove, lamp, couch, bookcase, closet, sink Key vocabulary 2: house, townhouse, apartment, cottage, palace, trailer, barge, tree house CLIL video vocabulary (BrE): 3D (3-dimensional), model, shoebox, scissors, background, furniture, draw straight lines, cut carefully, fold neatly Reading 1 vocabulary: stilts, hammock, television, underground, catch, sleep, cook, wash, love Reading 2 vocabulary: yard, bookshelf, beans, can Passive vocabulary: outside, round, comfortable, inside, cozy Revised vocabulary: bedroom, bathroom, kitchen, living room, dining room, table, house	Grammar 1: Present Progressive (all persons) questions and short answers, Wh-questions (What, Where, Who, When, How) Grammar 2: Prepositions of place (in, under, next to, in front of, behind), Is it (in the bathtub)? Yes, it is./No, it isn't.	N/A	Retell key details of a text.	Show you've been listening	Write simple sentences about what you do at home.